Year	Pres.	House	Senate	Democrats	Republicans	
1900	R	R	R		We favor the associated policy of reciprocity so directed as to open our markets on favorable terms for what we do not ourselves produce in return for free foreign markets.	
1903	R	R	R			Dept. of Commerce Founded
1904	R	R	R	We denounce protectionism as a robbery of the many to enrich the few, and we favor a tariff limited to the needs of the Government economically, effectively and constitutionally administered and so levied as not to discriminate against any industry, class or section, to the end that the burdens of taxation shall be distributed as equally as possible.	Protection, which guards and develops our industries, is a cardinal policy of the Republican party. The measure of protection should always at least equal the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad.	Work starts on Panama Canal
1908	R	R	R	We favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties.	In all tariff legislation the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries.	
1912	R	D	R	The high Republican tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth; it is a system of taxation which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer; under its operations the American farmer and laboring man are the chief sufferers; it raises the cost of the necessaries of life to them, but does not protect their product or wages.	We reaffirm our belief in a protective tariff.	
1914	D	D	D			Panama Canal opens/FTC is established
1916	D	D	D	We reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of a tariff for the purpose of providing sufficient revenue for the operation of the government economically administered, and unreservedly endorse the Underwood tariff law as truly exemplifying that doctrine.	The Republican party stands now, as always, in the fullest sense for the policy of tariff protection to American industries and American labor and does not regard an anti-dumping provision as an adequate substitute.	
1920	D	R	R	We reaffirm the traditional policy of the Democratic Party in favor of a tariff for revenue only	But the Republican party reaffirms its belief in the protective principles and pledges itself to a revision of the tariff as soon as conditions shall make it necessary for the preservation of the home market for American labor, agriculture and industry.	
1924	R	R	R	We declare our party's position to be in favor of a tax on commodities entering the customs house that will promote effective competition, protect against monopoly and at the same time produce a fair revenue to support the government.	We reaffirm our belief in the protective tariff to extend needed protection to our productive industries.	
1928	R	R	R	Wage-earner, farmer, stockman, producer and legitimate business in general have everything to gain from a Democratic tariff based on justice to all.	We reaffirm our belief in the protective tariff as a fundamental and essential principle of the economic life of this nation.	
1930	R	R	R			Smoot-Hawley Tariff Act

1932 R	R	R	We advocate a competitive tariff for revenue with a fact-finding tariff commission free from executive interference, reciprocal tariff agreements with other nations, and an international economic conference designed to restore international trade and facilitate	The Republican Party has always been the staunch supporter of the American system of a protective tariff The historic American plan known as the most-favored-nation principle has been our guiding program, and we believe that policy to be the only one consistent with a full development of	
			exchange.	international trade.	
1936 D	D	D		We will restore the principle of the flexible tariff in order to meet changing economic conditions here and abroad and broaden by careful definition the powers of the Tariff Commission in order to extend this policy along non-partisan lines.	
1940 D	D	D		We believe in tariff protection for Agriculture, Labor, and Industry, as essential to our American standard of living. The measure of the protection shall be determined by scientific methods with due regard to the interest of the consumer.	
1944 D	D	D		We assure American farmers, livestock producers, workers and industry that we will establish and maintain a fair protective tariff on competitive products so that the standards of living of our people shall not be impaired through the importation of commodities produced abroad by labor or producers functioning upon lower standards than our own.	
1948 D	R	R			
1952 D	D	D	The Democratic Party has always stood for expanding trade among free nations. We reassert that stand today. We vigorously oppose any restrictive policies which would weaken the highly successful reciprocal trade program fathered by Cordell Hull.	We favor the expansion of mutually-advantageous world trade Our reciprocal trade agreements will be entered into and maintained on a basis of true reciprocity, and to safeguard our domestic enterprises and the payrolls of our workers against unfair import competition.	
1956 R	D	D	The Democratic Party has always worked for expanding trade among free nations. Expanding world trade is necessary not only for our friends, but for ourselves; it is the way to meet America's growing need for industrial raw materials. We shall continue to support vigorously the Hull Reciprocal Trade Program.	Barriers which impede international trade and the flow of capital should be reduced on a gradual, selective and reciprocal basis, with full recognition of the necessity to safeguard domestic enterprises, agriculture and labor against unfair import competition.	
1957 R	D	D			Toyota starts exporting to US
1960 R	D	D	World trade is more than ever essential to world peace. In the tradition of Cordell Hull, we shall expand world trade in every responsible way Since all Americans share the benefits of this policy, its costs should not be the burden of a few. We shall support practical measures to case the necessary adjustments of industries and communities which may be unavoidably hurt by increases in imports.	Carrying forward, under the Trade Agreements Act, the policy of gradual selective—and truly reciprocal—reduction of unjustifiable barriers to trade among free nations In support of our national trade policy we should continue the Eisenhower-Nixon program of using this government's negotiating powers to open markets abroad and to eliminate remaining discrimination against our goods.	
1962 D	D	D			Trade
1964 D	D	D			Expansion Act

1968 D	D	D	World trade is essential to economic stability. The growing interdependence of nations, particularly in economic affairs, is an established fact of contemporary life. It also spells an opportunity for constructive international cooperation that will bring greater well-being for all and improve the prospects for international peace and security.	It remains the policy of the Republican Party to work toward freer trade among all nations of the free world. But artificial obstacles to such trade are a serious concern. We promise hard-headed bargaining to lower the non-tariff barriers against American exports and to develop a code of fair competition, including international fair labor standards, between the United States and its principal trading partners.	
1971 R	D	D			Trade Embargo ends against China
1972 R	D	D	In a prosperous economy, foreign trade has benefits for virtually everyone. For the consumer, it means lower prices and a wider choice of goods. For the worker and the businessman, it means new jobs and new markets. For nations, it means greater efficiency and growth But in a weak economy—with over five million men and women out of work—foreign imports bring hardships to many Americans Negotiate orderly and reciprocal reductions of trade barriers to American products. Foreign nations with access to our markets should no longer be permitted to fence us out of theirs	As we create a more open world market for American exports, we are not unmindful of dangers to American workers and industries from severe and rapid dislocation by changing patterns of trade As part of this adjustment process, we pledge improvement of the assistance offered by government to facilitate readjustment on the part of workers, businessmen and affected communities We deplore the practice of locating plants in foreign countries solely to take advantage of low wage rates in order to produce goods primarily fur sale in the United States. We will take action to discourage such unfair and disruptive practices that result in the loss of American jobs.	
1976 R	D	D	We are committed to trade policies that can benefit a full employment economy—through creation of new jobs for American workers, new markets for American farmers and businesses, and lower prices and a wider choice of goods for American consumers. Orderly reductions in trade barriers should be negotiated on a reciprocal basis that does not allow other nations to deny us access to their markets while enjoying access to ours The Democratic Party will also seek to promote higher labor standards in those nations where productivity far outstrips wage rates, harming American workers through unfair exploitation of foreign labor, and encouraging American capital to pursue low wage opportunities that damage our own economy and weaken the dollar.	The Republican Administration will cooperate fully in strengthening the international trade and monetary system, which provides the foundation for our prosperity and that of all nations. We shall bargain hard to remove barriers to an open economic system, and we shall oppose new restrictions to trade. We shall continue to represent vigorously our nation's economic interests in the trade negotiations taking place in Geneva, guard against protectionism, and insist that the principles of fair trade be scrupulously observed.	

1980 D	D	D	In 1976, we called for trade policies that would benefit	The Democratic Administration's inability to ensure	
1300 D	J	,	economic growth. Trade promotes new jobs for	fairness and equity between our nation and some of	
			American workers, new markets for farmers and	our trading partners has resulted in massive	
			businessmen, and lower prices for consumers. But	unemployment in many core industries. As we meet	
			trade can also cause dislocations within the economy,	in Detroit, this Party takes special notice that among	
			and we have sought—and will continue to seek—ways	the hardest hit have been the automotive workers	
			to ease the burden of adjustment to foreign	whose jobs are now targeted by aggressive foreign	
			competition without impeding the process of	competition. Much of this problem is a result of the	
			structural change so vital to our economic health. We	present Administration's inability to negotiate foreign	
			favor a free international trading system, but that	trade agreements which do not jeopardize American	
			system must also be fair.	jobs. We will take steps to ensure competitiveness of	
				our domestic industries to protect American jobs. But	
				for workers who have already lost their jobs, we will	
				provide assistance, incentives for job refraining and	
				placement, and job search and relocation allowances.	
				The Republican Party believes that protectionist	
				tariffs and quotas are detrimental to our economic	
				well-being. Nevertheless, we insist that our trading	
				partners offer our nation the same level of equity,	
				access, and fairness that we have shown them. The	
				mutual benefits of trade require that it be conducted	
				in the spirit of reciprocity. The Republican Party will	
				consider appropriate measures necessary to restore	
				equal and fair competition between ourselves and our	
				trading partners.	
1984 R	D	R	Thirty years ago, half of all goods produced in the	We are committed to a free and open international	
1304 1	D	IX.	world were made in the United States. While we have	trading system. All Americans benefit from the free	
			greatly expanded our output of services, our share of	flow of goods, services and capital, and the	
			manufactured products is now just one-fifth of the	efficiencies of a vigorous international market. We will	
			world's total We need a vigorous, open and fair	work with all of our international trading partners to	
			trade policy 'that builds America's competitive	eliminate barriers to trade, both tariff and non-tariff.	
			strength, and that allows our nation to remain an	. The greatest danger today to our international trade	
			advanced, diversified economy while promoting full	is a growing protectionist sentiment.	
			employment and raising living standards in the United		
			States and other countries of the world; opens		
			overseas markets for American products; strengthens		
			the international economic system; assists adjustment		
			to foreign competition; and recognizes the legitimate		
			interests of American workers, farmers and		
			businesses We will ensure that timely and effective		
			financing can be obtained by American businesses		
			through the Export-Import Bank, so that they can		
			compete effectively against subsidized competitors		
			from abroad We believe it is a sound principle of		
			international trade for foreign automakers which		
			enjoy substantial sales in the United States to invest		
			here and create jobs where their markets are		
			Where foreign competition is fair, American industry		
			should compete without government assistance.		
			Where competition is unfair, we must respond		
			powerfully. We will use trade law and international		
			powerfully. We will use trade law and international negotiations to aid U.S. workers, farmers, and businesses injured by unfair trade practices.		

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1988 R	D	D	WE BELIEVE that America needs more trade, fair	The emerging global economy has required American
			trade, an Administration willing to use all the tools	workers and consumers to adapt to far-reaching
			available to better manage our trade in order to	transformations on every continent. These changes
			export more American goods and fewer American	will accelerate in the years ahead as nations with free
			jobs, an Administration willing to recognize in the	economic systems rush toward a future of incredible
			formulation and enforcement of our trade laws that	promise. International trade among market
			workers' rights are important human rights abroad as	economies is the driving force behind an
			well as at home, and that advance notice of plant	unprecedented expansion of opportunity and income.
			Closings and major layoffs is not only fundamentally	Unfortunately, international markets are still
			right but also economically sound.	restricted by antiquated policies: protective tariffs,
				quotas, and subsidies. These hinder world trade and
				hurt everyone, producers and consumers alike.
1992 R	D	D	Our government must work to expand trade, while	We are tough free traders, battling to sweep away
2552		J	insisting that the conduct of world trade is fair	barriers to our exports. We are waging the Uruguay
			Multilateral trade agreements can advance our	Round of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
			economic interests by expanding the global economy.	(GATT) negotiations to win worldwide reductions in
			Whether negotiating the North American Free Trade	tariffs, elimination of subsidies, and protection of
			Area (NAFTA) or completing the GATT negotiations,	American intellectual property rights The free
			our government must assure that our legitimate	trade agenda for the next four years starts with the
			concerns about environmental, health and safety, and	signing of a North American Free Trade Agreement
			labor standards are included. Those American workers	
			whose jobs are affected must have the benefit of	of a free trade area which already includes Canada
			effective adjustment assistance.	Trade war is the road to international
			errective adjustificité assistance.	depression—and for keeping American workers
				dependent on government handouts. We do not want
				to replace the arms race with a subsidies race
				Putting Americans first means keeping the national
				interest ahead of the special interests. It means
				opening the world to American goods within a system
				of free and expanding trade. Just as Ronald Reagan
				declared in Berlin, "Tear down this wall," so George
				Bush is dismantling the walls of protectionism in order
				to continue expanding our exports Our strong
				commitment to free trade also encompasses vigorous
				enforcement of U.S. trade laws. We expect a fair and
				level playing field in our trade with other nations and
				will work to ensure that foreign markets are just as
				open to our goods as U.S. markets are to theirs. In all
				negotiations concerning trade, we will put the
				interests of America first.
100C D	_	D.	NA/a haliana bhabifina na at tha Amarican assanan ta	
1996 D	R	R	We believe that if we want the American economy to	Republicans support free and fair trade. In the
			continue strong growth, we must continue to expand	American Century ahead, our country will lead in
			trade, and not retreat from the world. America's	international trade. American workers will be the
			markets are open to the world, so America has a right	winners in any fair competition, and American
			to demand that the world's markets are open to our	technology will drive a prosperity revolution around
			products As we work to open new markets, we	the world. Exports already fuel our economy; their
			must negotiate to guarantee that all trade agreements	
			include standards to protect children, workers, public	and long-term prosperity. That is possible only within
			safety, and the environment. We must ensure	the context of expanding trade, and we can do it
			adequate trade adjustment assistance and education	better without a Department of Commerce We
			and training programs to help working families	should vigorously implement the North American Free
			compete and win in the global economy.	Trade Agreement, while carefully monitoring its
				progress, to guarantee that its promised benefits and
				protections are realized by all American workers and
				consumers.
				l l

2000 B	D	D	Onen markets cour innovation could the growth of	International trade has become the world's most
2000 R	R	R	Open markets spur innovation, speed the growth of	International trade has become the world's most
			new industries, and make our businesses more	powerful economic force. International trade is not
			competitive. We must work to knock down barriers to	the creation of the world's rulers, but of the world's
			fair trade so other nation's markets are as open as our	peoples, who strive for a better future and break
			own It's clear we live in a globalized world - and	down any barriers governments may erect to it. The
			that there is no turning back. But globalization is	result is today's global economy of open markets in
			neither good nor evil. It is a fact - and we have to deal	democratic nations. That system is poised to sweep
			with it. Democrats believe we must be leaders in the	away both the counterproductive vestiges of
			new global economy, not followers. We believe that	protectionism and the backwater remnants of
			globalization will work for all Americans only if there	Marxism But free trade must be fair trade, within
			are rules of the road, as in the domestic economy,	an open, rules-based international trading system.
			that promote both a strong economy and our basic	That will depend on American leadership, which has
			American values.	been lacking for the last eight years Rooted in
				America's political and economic ideals, this
				Republican blueprint promotes open markets and
				open societies, free trade and the free flow of
				information, and the development of new ideas and
				private sectors. These nurture the human spirit, the
				middle class, law, and liberty.
2004 R	R	R	Exports sustain about 1 in 5 American factory jobs.	Economic growth supported by free trade and free
			Open markets spur innovation, speed the growth of	markets creates new jobs and higher incomes. It
			new industries, and make our businesses more	allows people to lift their lives out of poverty, spurs
			competitive. We will make it a priority to knock down	economic and legal reform, enhances the fight against
			barriers to free, fair and balanced trade so other	corruption, and reinforces the habits of liberty
			nation's markets are as open as our own.	After a gap of eight years, the Administration
				reestablished majority support in the Congress for
				free and fair trade by passing Trade Promotion
				Authority and the other market-opening measures for
				developing countries in the Trade Act of 2002 We
				support the Administration's comprehensive strategy
				to promote free trade, exemplified by the launch of
				the Doha negotiation of the World Trade Organization
				(WTO), regional and sub-regional initiatives such as
				the Central American Free Trade Agreement, the Free
				Trade Area of the Americas, and the Middle East Free
				Trade Area, extension of the African Growth and
				Opportunity Act, and the conclusion of bilateral free
				trade agreements with nations such as Australia,
				Morocco, Chile, and Singapore To achieve this goal,
				we must act globally, regionally, and bilaterally to
				negotiate new trade agreements and enforce existing
				trade commitments. We must be at the table when
				trade agreements are negotiated, make the interests
				of American workers and farmers paramount, and
				ensure that the drive to open new markets is
				successful. We reject moves toward economic
				isolationism. America is the best place in the world to
				do business, and our workers and products are the
				best in the world. On a level playing field we can
				outmatch any other nation.
				outhaten any other nation.

2008 R	D	D	Trade has been a cornerstone of our growth and	Greater international trade, aggressively advanced on	
			global development, but we will not be able to sustain	a truly level playing field, will mean more American	
			this growth if it favors the few rather than the many.	jobs, higher wages, and a better standard of living. It	
			We must build on the wealth that open markets have	is also a matter of national security and an instrument	
			created, and share its benefits more equitably We	to promote democracy and civil society in developing	
			need tougher negotiators on our side of the table-to	nations We encourage multilateral, regional, and	
			strike bargains that are good not just for Wall Street,	bilateral agreements to reduce trade barriers that	
			but also for Main Street We will work with Canada	limit market access for U.S. products, commodities	
			and Mexico to amend the North American Free Trade	and services.	
			Agreement so that it works better for all three North		
			American countries We will end tax breaks for		
			companies that ship American jobs overseas, and		
			provide incentives for companies that keep and		
			maintain good jobs here in the United States. We will		
			also provide access to affordable health insurance and		
			enhance retirement security, and we will update and		
			expand Trade Adjustment Assistance to help workers		
			in industries vulnerable to international competition,		
			as well as service sector and public sector workers		
			impacted by trade, and we will improve TAA's health		
			care benefits.		
			care perients.		
2012.5		_	We remain assessitted to Ending the control of C	International totals is an electric to the second to	
2012 D	R	D	We remain committed to finding more markets for	International trade is crucial for our economy. It	
			American-made goods - including using the Trans-	means more American jobs, higher wages, and a	
			Pacific Partnership between the United States and	better standard of living Because American	
			eight countries in the Asia-Pacific, one of the most	workers have shown that, on a truly level playing field,	
			dynamic regions in the world - while ensuring that	they can surpass the competition in international	
			workers' rights and environmental standards are	trade, we call for the restoration of presidential Trade	
			upheld, and fighting against unfair trade practices.	Promotion Authority. It will ensure up or down votes	
				in Congress on any new trade agreements, without	
				meddling by special interests. A Republican President	
				will complete negotiations for a Trans-Pacific	
				Partnership to open rapidly developing Asian markets	
				to U.S. products.	
2016 D	R	R	Democrats acknowledge that for millions of	International trade is crucial for all sectors of	
			Americans, global trade has failed to live up to its	America's economy. Massive trade deficits are not	
			promise—with too many countries breaking the rules	We need better negotiated trade agreements that put	
			and too many corporations outsourcing jobs at the	America first. When trade agreements have been	
			expense of American workers and communities. Over	carefully negotiated with friendly democracies, they	
			the past three decades, America has signed too many	have resulted in millions of new jobs here at home	
			trade deals that have not lived up to the hype. Trade	supported by our exports. When those agreements do	
			deals often boosted the profits of large corporations,	not adequately protect U.S. interests, U.S.	
			while at the same time failing to protect workers'	sovereignty, or when they are violated with impunity,	
			rights, labor standards, the environment, and public	they must be rejected Republicans understand that	
			health Any future trade agreements must make	you can succeed in a negotiation only if you are willing	
			sure our trading partners cannot undercut American	to walk away from it. A Republican president will insist	
			workers by taking shortcuts on labor policy or the	on parity in trade and stand ready to implement	
			environment These are the standards Democrats	countervailing duties if other countries refuse to	
			believe must be applied to all trade agreements,	cooperate.	
			including the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP).		
2017 R	R	R			Trump leaves
					TPP
2019 R	D	R			USMCA

2020 B	_	D	Canada a languath a plate al tropito a proteon trace Called Ca		1
2020 R	D	R	For too long, the global trading system has failed to keep its promises to American workers. Too many		
			·		
			corporations have rushed to outsource jobs, and too		
			many countries have broken their promises to be		
			honest and transparent partners. The COVID-19		
			pandemic has shown the risks of relying too heavily on		
			global supply chains, as shutdowns and shortages		
			have created chaos for workers and consumers and		
			made our public health response even more		
			challenging Future trade agreements should build		
			on the pro-labor provisions added to the United States		
			Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA) by Democratic		
			members of Congress We will not negotiate any		
			new trade deals before first investing in American		
			competitiveness at home. We will aggressively		
			enforce existing trade laws and agreements. And we		
			will insist on strong and enforceable standards for		
			labor, human rights, and the environment in any		
			future trade agreements, so that they build the		
			American middle class, create jobs, raise wages, and		
			strengthen our communities Democrats believe		
			that if the United States does not work with its allies		
			and partners to shape the terms of global trade, China		
			will shape them for us—and American working		
			families and the middle class will pay the price.		
2024 D	R	D	For too long, America's trade policies and approach to	We will bring our critical Supply Chains back home.	
			the global economy let middle-class jobs move	President Trump turned American Trade Policy	
			offshore, hollowed out our supply chains, rewarded	around, protecting U.S. Producers, and renegotiating	
			corporate CEOs instead of valuing workers, and failed	failed agreements Our Trade deficit in goods has	
			to generate inclusive economic growth. In response to	grown to over \$1 Trillion Dollars a year. Republicans	
			the previous status quo, President Biden is committed	will support baseline Tariffs on Foreign-made goods,	
			to building a fairer, more durable global economic	pass the Trump Reciprocal Trade Act, and respond to	
			order, for the benefit of the American people and for	unfair Trading practices. As Tariffs on Foreign	
			people everywhere.	Producers go up, Taxes on American Workers,	
				Families, and Businesses can come down.	