Year	Pres.	House	Senate	Democrats	Republicans	
1900	R	R	R			
1904	R	R	R			
1908	R	R	R	We advocate the organization of all existing national public health agencies into a national bureau of public health with such power over sanitary conditions connected with factories, mines, tenements, child labor and other such subjects as are properly within the jurisdiction of the Federal government and do not interfere with the power of the States controlling public health agencies.	We commend the efforts designed to secure greater efficiency in National Public Health agencies and favor such legislation as will effect this purpose.	
1912	R	D	R	We reaffirm our previous declarations advocating the union and strengthening of the various governmental agencies relating to pure foods, quarantine, vital statistics and human health.		TR Progressive Party endorces social insurance, including health insurance
1916	D	D		We favor a thorough reconsideration of the means and methods by which the Federal Government handles questions of public health to the end that human life may be conserved by the elimination of loathsome disease, the improvement of sanitation and the diffusion of a knowledge of disease prevention		
1920	D	R	R		The public health activities of the Federal government are scattered through numerous departments and bureaus, resulting in inefficiency, duplication and extravagance. We advocate a greater centralization of the Federal functions and in addition urge the better co-ordination of the work of the Federal, State and local health agencies.	
1924	R	R	R			
1928	R	R		The Democratic Party recognizes that not only the productive wealth of the nation but its contentment and happiness depends upon the health of its citizens. It, therefore, pledges itself to enlarge the existing Bureau of Public Health and to do all things possible to stamp out communicable and contagious diseases, and to ascertain preventive means and remedies for these diseases, such as cancer, infantile paralysis and others which heretofore have largely defied the skill of physicians.		
1932	R	R	R			
1936	D	D	D			

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1940 D	D	D	We are coordinating the health functions of the Federal Government. We pledge to expand these efforts, and to provide more hospitals and health centers and better health protection wherever the need exists, in rural and urban areas, all through the co-operative efforts of the Federal, state and local governments, the medical, dental, nursing and other scientific professions, and the voluntary agencies.		
1943 D	D	D			Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill includes provision for universal comprehensive health insurance
1944 D	D	D		The continuation of these and other programs relating to health, and the stimulation by Federal aid of State plans to make medical and hospital service available to those in need without disturbing doctor-patient relationships or socializing medicine.	Social Security Board call for national health insurance as party of Social Security
1947 D	R	R			Truman calls for National Health Program
1948 D	R	R	We favor the enactment of a national health program far expanded medical research, medical education, and hospitals and clinics.	strengthening of Federal-State programs designed to provide more adequate hospital facilities, too improve methods of treatment for the mentally ill, to advance maternal and child health and generally to foster a healthy America.	AMA launches campaign against national health insurance
1952 D	D	D	We also advocate a resolute attack on the heavy financial hazard of serious illness. We recognize that the costs of modern medical care have grown to be prohibitive for many millions of people. We commend President Truman for establishing the non-partisan Commission on the Health Needs of the Nation to seek an acceptable solution of this urgent problem.	We are opposed to Federal compulsory health insurance with its crushing cost, wasteful inefficiency, bureaucratic dead weight, and debased standards of medical care.	
1956 R	D	D	The strength of our Nation depends on the health of our people. The shortage of trained medical and health personnel and facilities has impaired American health standards and has increased the cost of hospital care beyond the financial capacities of most American families.		Legislation introduced to provide health insurance for social security beneficiaries
1960 R	D	D	We shall provide medical care benefits for the aged as part of the time-tested Social Security insurance system.	Provide the beneficiaries with the option of purchasing private health insurance—a vital distinction between our approach and Democratic proposals in that it would encourage commercial carriers and voluntary insurance organizations to continue their efforts to develop sound coverage plans for the senior population.	
1964 D	D	D			LBJ advocates for Medicare in a special message to Congress
1965 D	D	D			Medicaid and Medicare signed into law

1968 D	D	In the years ahead, we Democrats are determined to take those final steps that are necessary to make certain that every American, regardless of economic status, shall live out his years without fear of the high costs of sickness.	We pledge to encourage the broadening of private health insurance plans, many of which cover hospital care only, and to review the operation of government hospital care programs in order to encourage more patients to utilize non-hospital facilities While believing no American should be denied adequate medical treatment, we will be diligent in protecting the traditional patient-doctor relationship and the integrity, of the medical practitioner.	
1972 R	D	Establish a system of universal National Health Insurance which covers all Americans with a comprehensive set of benefits including preventive medicine, mental and emotional disorders, and complete protection against catastrophic costs, and in which the rule of free choice for both provider and consumer is protected. The program should be federally- financed and federally-administered. Every American must know he can afford the cost of health care whether given in a hospital or a doctor's office	Our goal is to enable every American to secure quality health care at reasonable cost In doing this we realize the importance of the doctor- patient relationship and the necessity of insuring that individuals have freedom of choice of health providers To assure access to basic medical care for all our people, we support a program financed by employers, employees and the Federal Government to provide comprehensive health insurance coverage, including insurance against the cost of long-term and catastrophic illnesses and accidents and renal failure which necessitates dialysis, at a cost which all Americans can afford. The National Health Insurance Partnership plan and the Family Health Insurance Plan proposed by the President meet these specifications. They would build on existing private health insurance systems, not destroy them We oppose nationalized compulsory health insurance. This approach would at least triple in taxes the amount the average citizen now pays for health and would deny families the right to choose the kind of care they prefer. Ultimately it would lower the overall quality of health care for all Americans.	
1976 R	D	We need a comprehensive national health insurance system with universal and mandatory coverage. Such a national health insurance system should be financed by a combination of employer-employee shared payroll taxes and general tax revenues A return to full employment and the maintenance thereafter of stable economic growth will permit the orderly and progressive development of a comprehensive national health insurance program which is federally financed	Every American should have access to quality health care at an affordable price The Republican Party opposes compulsory national health insurance The most effective, efficient and economical method to improve health care and extend its availability to all is to build on the present health delivery and insurance system, which covers nine out of every ten Americans.	

1980 D	D	D	The answer to runaway medical costs is not, as Republicans propose, to pour money into a wasteful and inefficient system. The answer is	Health care costs continue to rise, farther and faster than they should, and threaten to spiral beyond the reach of many families. The causes are	
			not to cut back on benefits for the elderly and	the Democratic Congress' inflationary spending and	
			eligibility for the poor. The answer is to enact a	excessive and expensive regulations Republicans	
			comprehensive, universal national health	unequivocally oppose socialized medicine, in	
			insurance plan Maintenance of the private	whatever guise it is presented by the Democratic	
			insurance industry with appropriate public	Party. We reject the creation of a national health	
			regulation	service and all proposals for compulsory national	
				health insurance Our country has made	
				spectacular gains in health care in recent decades.	
				Most families are now covered by private	
				insurance, Medicare, or in the case of the poor, the	
				entirely free services under Medicaid As	
				consumers of health care, individual Americans and	
				their families should be able to make their own	
				choices about health care protection. We propose	
				to assist them in so doing through tax and financial	
				incentives. These could enable them to choose	
				their own health coverage, including protection	
				from the catastrophic costs of major long-term	
				illness, without compulsory regimentation.	
1984 R	D	R	The real problem is the growing cost of health	We reaffirm as well our opposition to any	
	-		care services We propose to control these	proposals for compulsory national health	
			costs, and to demand that the health care	insurance Compassionate innovation has	
			industry become more efficient in providing	developed insurance against catastrophic illness,	
			care to all Americans, both young and old. We	and capitated "at risk" plans are encouraging	
			will limit what health care providers can	innovation and creativity.	
			receive as reimbursement, and spur	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			innovation and competition in health care		
			delivery.		
1986 R	D	R			COBRA passed. Allows
					people to stay on
					insurance for 18 months
1988 R	D	D	WE BELIEVE that all Americans should enjoy	Republicans believe in reduced government control	
			access to affordable, comprehensive health	of health care while maintaining an unequivocal	
			services for both the physically and mentally	commitment to quality health care	
			ill, from prenatal care for pregnant women at		
			risk to more adequate care for our Vietnam		
			and other veterans, from well-baby care to		
			childhood immunization to Medicare; that a		
			national health program providing federal		
			coordination and leadership is necessary to		
			restrain health care costs while assuring		
			quality care and advanced medical research;		
			that quality, affordable, long-term home and health care should be available to all senior		
			and disabled citizens, allowing them to live		
			, 0		
			with dignity in the most appropriate setting;		
			that an important first step toward		
			comprehensive health services is to ensure		
			that every family should have the security of basic health insurance		

1992 R	D	D	All Americans should have universal access to quality, affordable health care—not as a privilege, but as a right We will enact a uniquely American reform of the health care system to control costs and make health care affordable; ensure quality and choice of health care providers; cover all Americans regardless of preexisting conditions; squeeze out waste, bureaucracy and abuse; improve primary and preventive care including child immunization and prevention of diseases like Tuberculosis now becoming rampant in our cities	We endorse President Bush's comprehensive health care plan, which solves the two major problems of the current system—access and affordability—while preserving the high quality care Americans now enjoy. The President's plan will make health care <u>more affordable</u> through tax credits and deductions that will offset insurance costs for 95 million Americans; and make health care <u>more accessible</u> , especially for small businesses, by reducing insurance costs and eliminating workers' worries of losing insurance if they change jobs The Democrats' plan stands in stark philosophical contrast. Instead of preserving individual options, it would rely on government bureaucrats. Instead of preserving quality care, it would lead to rationing and waiting lines. And instead of enhancing the health care security of American workers, it would require a massive increase in payroll taxes that would destroy hundreds of thousands of jobs.	
1993 D	D	D			Clinton proposes Health Insurance Act to provide all Americans access to care
1996 D	R	R	The Democratic Party is committed to ensuring that Americans have access to affordable, high-quality health care. Because of President Clinton's determined leadership and the tireless efforts of Democrats in Congress, we passed the Kennedy-Kassebaum health reform bill to stop insurance companies from denying coverage to families where one member has a preexisting condition, and to make sure that people can take their health insurance with them when they change jobs.	Our goal is to maintain the quality of America's health care - the best in the world, bar none - while making health care and health insurance more accessible and more affordable. That means allowing health care providers to respond to consumer demand through consumer choice That approach stands in stark contrast to Bill Clinton's health plan of 1993. "Clintoncare" would have been a poison pill for the nation's health care system. Congressional Republicans countered with the right prescription make insurance portable from job to job avoid mandatory coverages that make consumers pay for more insurance than they need allow multi-employer purchasing groups and form "risk pools" in the States to make employee health insurance more affordable.	HIPAA passes.
2000 R	R	R	from welfare to work. And we should also seek	has left our public health system inadequate to	

2003 R	R	R			Medicare Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act passes. Health Savings Accounts created.
2004 R	R	R	We believe that health care is a right and not a privilege We will attack the health care crisis with a comprehensive approach. Our goal is straightforward: quality, affordable health coverage for all Americans to keep our families healthy, our businesses competitive, and our country strong We will ensure that all Americans have secure, private electronic medical records by 2008, and we will give medical providers incentives and resources to simplify their paperwork so patients spend more time with doctors and less time filling out forms.	Health Savings Accounts allow people to own and control their health care. They are an important step toward creating a system of consumer-driven health care that puts patients and doctors at the center of decision-making – not government bureaucrats The next step, which our Party endorses, is to extend tax deductibility to the insurance premiums associated with HSAs. We also support efforts to expand the use of Health Savings Accounts to help control health care costs and give individuals more power in making important medical decisions It is also important that we reaffirm our Party's firm rejection of any measure aimed at making health care a government-run enterprise Republicans support President Bush's goal of ensuring that most Americans have electronic health records within the next 10 years We support efforts to prevent discrimination legislation that is fair, reasonable, and consistent with existing laws to prevent discrimination The Trade Promotion Authority bill, supported by the Republican Congress and signed by President Bush, provides a tax credit to help workers obtain health insurance coverage if they have lost their jobs due to international trade. The tax credit has helped thousands of displaced workers get insurance coverage.	
2008 R	D	D	how best to achieve the commitment of	The American people rejected Democrats' attempted government takeover of health care in 1993, and they remain skeptical of politicians who would send us down that road. Republicans support the private practice of medicine and oppose socialized medicine in the form of a government- run universal health care system. Republicans pledge that as we reform our health care system Republicans believe all Americans should be able to obtain an affordable health care plan, including a health savings account, which meets their needs and the needs of their families . Our health care infrastructure must have the surge capacity to handle large numbers of patients in times of crisis, whether it is a repeat of Hurricane Katrina, a flu pandemic, or a bioterror attack on multiple cities. Republicans will ensure that this infrastructure, including the needed communications capacity, is closely integrated into our homeland security needs.	
2010 D	D	D			Affordable Care Act (Obamacare) passes

2012 D	R	D	We believe accessible, affordable, high quality	The Patient Protection and Affordable Care	SC holds that Obamacare is
			health care is part of the American promise,	Act—Obamacare—was never really about	constitutional
			that Americans should have the security that	healthcare, though its impact upon the nation's	
			comes with good health care, and that no one	health is disastrous. From its start, it was about	
			should go broke because they get sick. Over	power, the expansion of government control over	
			the determined opposition of Republicans, we	one sixth of our economy, and resulted in an attack	
			enacted landmark reforms that are already	on our Constitution, by requiring that U.S. citizens	
			helping millions of Americans, and more	purchase health insurance If fully implemented,	
			benefits will come soon.	it could not function; and Republican victories in	
				the November elections will guarantee that it is	
				never implemented. Congressional Republicans are	
				committed to its repeal; and a Republican	
				President, on the first day in office, will use his	
				legitimate waiver authority under that law to halt	
				its progress and then will sign its repeal Our goal	
				is to encourage the development of a healthcare	
				system that provides higher quality care at a lower	
				cost to all Americans while protecting the	
				patientphysician relationship based on mutual	
				trust, informed consent, and privileged patient	
				confidentiality To achieve a free market in	
				healthcare and ensure competition, we will	
				promote price transparency so that consumers will	
				know the actual cost of treatments before they	
				undergo them. When patients are aware of costs,	
				they are less likely to over-utilize services We	
				must end tax discrimination against the individual	
				purchase of insurance and allow consumers to	
				purchase insurance across State lines. While	
				promoting "co-insurance" products and	
				alternatives to "fee for service," government must	
				promote Health Savings Accounts and Health	
				Reimbursement Accounts to be used for insurance	
				premiums and should encourage the private sector	
				to rate competing insurance plans.	
2016 D	R	R	Democrats believe that health care is a right,	Any honest agenda for improving healthcare must	
			not a privilege, and our health care system	start with repeal of the dishonestly named	
			should put people before profits Democrats	Affordable Care Act of 2010: Obamacare To that	
			will never falter in our generations-long fight	end, a Republican president, on the first day in	
			to guarantee health care as a fundamental	office, will use legitimate waiver authority under	
			right for every American. As part of that	the law to halt its advance and then, with the	
			guarantee, Americans should be able to access	unanimous support of Congressional Republicans,	
			public coverage through a public option, and	will sign its repeal To simplify the system for	
			those over 55 should be able to opt in to	both patients and providers, we will reduce	
			Medicare. Democrats will empower the states,	mandates and enable insurers and providers of	
			which are the true laboratories of democracy,	care to increase healthcare options and contain	
			to use innovation waivers under the ACA to	costs. Our goal is to ensure that all Americans have	
			develop unique locally tailored approaches to	improved access to affordable, high-quality	
			health coverage. This will include removing	healthcare, including those struggling with mental	
			barriers to states which seek to experiment	illness To ensure vigorous competition in	
			with plans to ensure universal health care to	healthcare, and because cost-awareness is the best	
			every person in their state. By contrast, Donald	guard against over-utilization, we will promote	
			Trump wants to repeal the ACA, leaving tens	price transparency so consumers can know the cost	
			of millions of Americans without coverage.	of treatments before they agree to them. We will	
				empower individuals and small businesses to form	
				purchasing pools in order to expand coverage to	
				the uninsured We propose to end tax	
				discrimination against the individual purchase of	
				insurance and allow consumers to buy insurance	

2020 R	D	R	Democrats have fought to achieve universal		
2020 11	-		health care for a century Democrats will		
			keep up the fight until all Americans can access		
			secure, affordable, high-quality health		
			insurance—because as Democrats, we		
			fundamentally believe health care is a right for		
			all, not a privilege for the few		
			Unfortunately, at every turn, Democrats'		
			efforts to guarantee health coverage have		
			been met by obstruction and opposition from		
			the Republican Party we will give all		
			Americans the choice to select a high-quality,		
			affordable public option through the		
			Affordable Care Act marketplace. The public		
			option will provide at least one plan choice		
			without deductibles; will be administered by		
			CMS, not private companies; and will cover all		
			primary care without any co-payments and		
			control costs for other treatments by		
			negotiating prices with doctors and hospitals,		
			just like Medicare does on behalf of older		
			people.		
2024 D	R	D	As Democrats, we support Medicaid	Healthcare and prescription drug costs are out of	
			expansion, encouraging states to provide	control. Republicans will increase Transparency,	
			health coverage to low-income Americans on	promote Choice and Competition, and expand	
			the federal government's tab. The	access to new Affordable Healthcare and	
			Administration has helped over a million	prescription drug options. We will protect	
			people in four states to enroll; and we'll keep	Medicare, and ensure Seniors receive the care they	
			pushing Congress to further expand Medicaid-	need without being burdened by excessive costs.	
			like coverage to the 2.8 million uninsured low-		
			income adults who live in states where		
			Republicans still refuse the help.		